



UNITED KINGDOM (UK)

Cyber Security Market

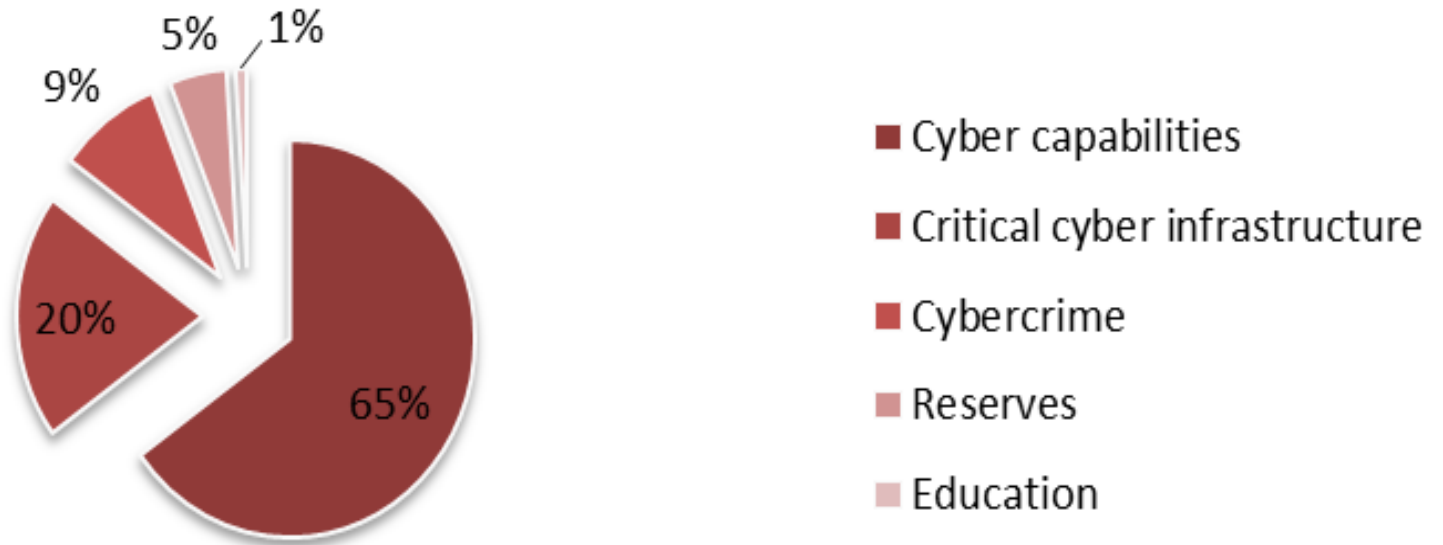


- Government classified cyber security as 'Tier 1' national security risk
- National Cyber Security Program, initial outlay of \$1 billion
- Highly networked nation, \$75 billion online transactions/yr
- 87% of small firms, 93% large firms risked in 2012
- Demand from government and private sector

ALLOCATION OF CYBER SECURITY EXPENDITURES

SOURCE: ZDNET, 2013. DEVELOPED FROM ESTIMATES PROVIDED BY VARIOUS UK GOVERNMENT REPORTS AND PUBLISHED ARTICLES

Cyber security spending plans



- Close political, defense ally of USA
- Open access for US exporters to UK defense contracts
- [UK-US Defense Trade Cooperation](#), licenses for defense equipment and services eliminated for sales to government
- Common language, cultural similarities

Strengths

- Strong political and defense relationship with the US
- Open and transparent market access
- Member of WTO's Government Procurement Agreement

Weaknesses

- Political issues with the EU
- Coalition government
- Expensive market to do business
- Compliance with UK laws and EU Directives

Opportunities

- Increased spending on cyber security
- Access to the European Union market
- Private sector opportunities

Threats

- **Significant competition from other domestic and foreign companies**
- **Defense spending cuts**

- Niche market
- Opportunities → cloud computing, business analytics, anti-virus, content management, cyber security software and services
- Demand for 'innovative' cyber security solutions from experienced suppliers

- Defence Equipment and Support (DE&S) agency of Ministry of Defence tasked with procurement of equipment and services for defense
- Significant competition for government contracts
- Exporters should abide by EU directives also